Dr Strangedrone
or
How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Love the Slaughterbots

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About Me

- Computer Security/Architecture background
  - But have always been interested in small drones, especially the space driven by the hobby field
- Currently dual-hatted
  - ICSI: Computer Security Research
    - Anything good, give them credit!
  - Skerry Technologies: Drone R&D
    - Chief Mad Scientist/CEO/Janitor
    - Focus is on developing small, human-safe, and low cost fully-autonomous drones
    - I don't want to build killbots... I want to build ***killbot-killing***-killbots
- Security means ***thinking*** evil thoughts before other people do
- Lots of funding in the past but none for this work (yet)

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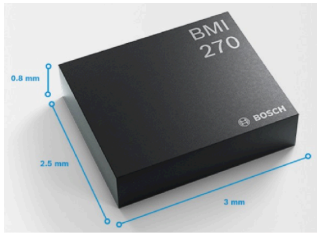
The Small-Drone Revolution

- Motors and Power
  - Low cost high-power brushless motors + speed controllers
  - Very high discharge-rate batteries
- MEMS and other small devices
  - 6 access accelerometer/gyros,
    high precision barometers, compasses, GPSs
  - Microcontrollers to implement the low-level autopilot
- Made low-cost multi-copters work and fly
  - Hovering devices are easy for humans to control

28mm diameter
1 kW max power

230g, 28 W/h energy
Peak power: 2.8 kW



A typical 6-axis MEMS IMU

The Three Development Branches

Military

Optimized for reliability and Extracting Government Money
"Low Cost" = $10k

Industrial/Prosumer

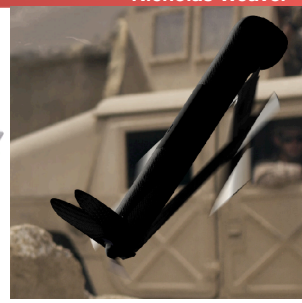
Optimized for endurance and ease of use
"Low Cost" = $1k

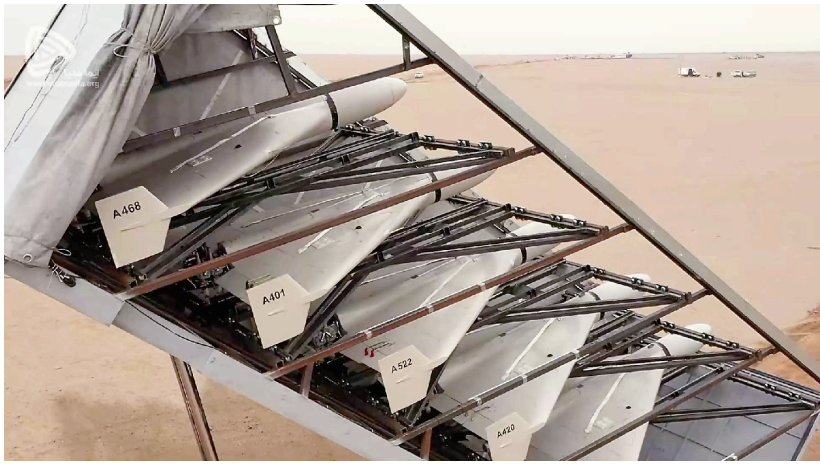
Hobby

Optimized for performance and crash-ability
"Low Cost" = <$250

Proliferating Military Options

- US: Switchblade 300
  - Fixed wing, grenade sized payload, tube launched, 15 minute endurance
- STM Drones from Turkey
  - Alpagu: Fixed wing, grenade sized payload, tube launched, 15 minute endurance
  - Kargu: Quadcopter, 1.2kg warhead
- Iranian Shahed 136
  - Fixed wing and tip-up container launched
  - Although really best thought of as a $20k cruise missile, not a drone





The Common Control Model: Human In The Loop

- Drone contains a low level autopilot
  - May have the capability to navigate waypoints etc
- Human receives a real-time video feed
- Human then directs the drone's high level movements
  - Target selection is entirely a human operation
- Some claims of "AI"
  - But nothing robustly confirmed:
    AI mostly seems to assist humans

Current Reluctance Towards Autonomy

- Within the US military:
  - Huge emphasis on maintaining human judgement on the use of force
  - Nothing in the US inventory is considered a Lethal Autonomous Weapon System
- Outside the military:
  e.g. Future of Life Institute
  Stop Autonomous Weapons
  - Producers of the "Slaughterbots" video

Department of Defense
DIRECTIVE

NUMBER 3000.09
November 21, 2012
Incorporating Change 1, May 8, 2017

USD(P)

SUBJECT: Autonomy in Weapon Systems

References: See Enclosure 1

Slaughterbots
3,451,468 views Nov 12, 2017
Stop Autonomous Weapons
7.25K subscribers
SUBSCRIBE
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But What Happened When Military Meets Consumer?

- Not all military operators have military-grade budgets
  - Rebellions, drug gangs, and overmatched defenders
- But all want to achieve military-grade effects
- In computing, a rough rule: "Drop a 9 and you drop a 0":
  - Going from 99.99% reliable to 99.9% reliable drops the price by a factor of 10
- Remember:
  - "Good enough for government work" used to mean you were doing ***too good a job***...

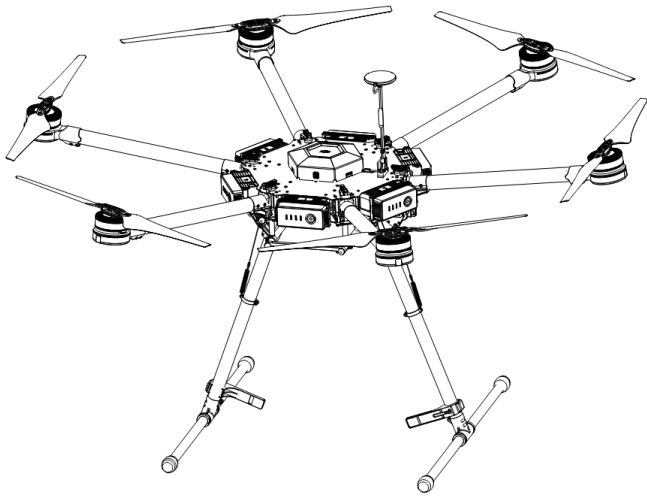
Recent Evolution: 2017
The ISIS Air Force

- Took commercial quadcopters and fixed wings
  - Added mechanism to drop payload
- Took grenade-launcher grenades and added tail-kits
  - 3D printed or mass produced with injection moulding
- Initially a huge impact but eventually countered through jamming

From Bellingcat

Recent Evolution: 2018
Maduro Assassination Attempt

- On August 4, 2018 someone attempted to assassinate Venezuela's ~~Dictator~~ President Nicolás Maduro
  - He was giving an outdoor speech at the time
- Attacker used two DJI Matrice M600 multicopter drones
  - Max payload: 5kg, cost ~$10k/each
- Attack failed
  - One drone exploded in mid-air, one crashed in a building
  - Cause of failure is unknown, but jamming is a possibility

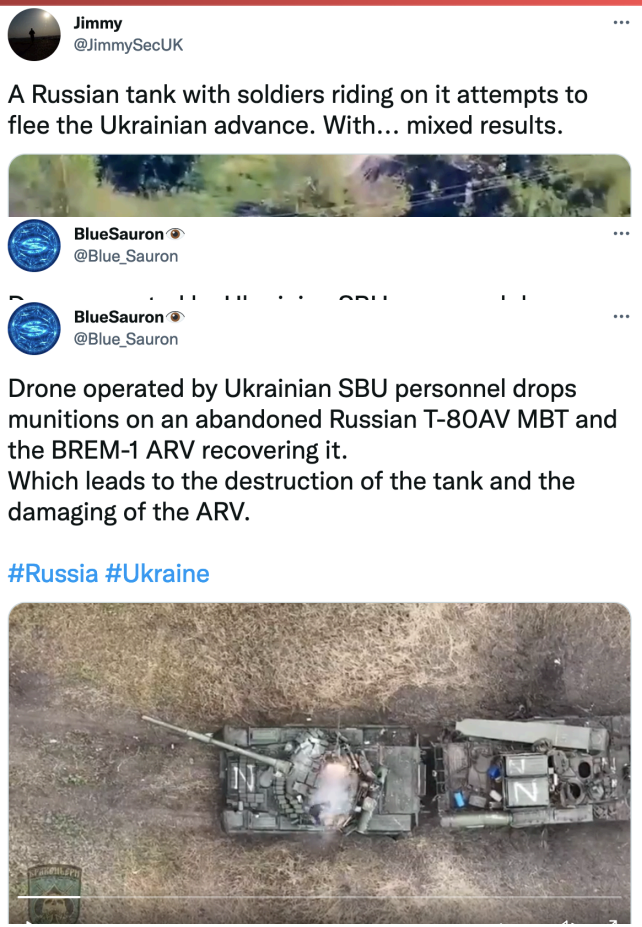


Recent Evolution:
The Mexican Cartel Air Force

- Basically the same strategy as ISIS
  - Small quad-copters as airborne bombers
- May be using improvised explosives rather than military grenades
  - No significant counter-drone jamming currently in use (yet)

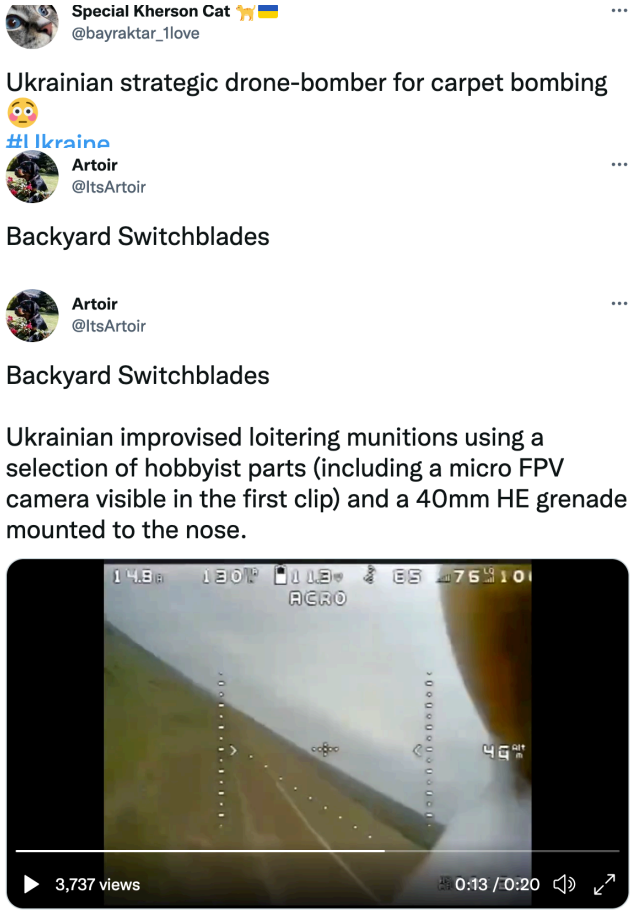
Today:
Ukraine vs Russia

- Wide variety of drones in use
- Small quadcopters for reconnaissance
  - Enables precise artillery targeting
  - Enables high-quality propaganda videos
- Small quadcopters with 1-2 grenades
  - Mostly grenade-launcher grenades with tail-kits
  - Using hacks like "turn on auxiliary light->release grenade" for modified DJI drones
- Pretty high precision
  - <2m error dropping from 75-125m altitude



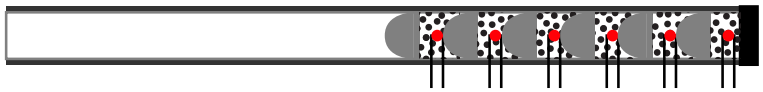
Today:
Ukraine vs Russia

- Heavy-lift drones with multiple bombs
  - Some with >6 bombs
  - Some hex or octocopters, not just quad-copters
- Fixed-wing "Backyard Switchblade"
  - <$150 flying wing, <$100 FPV/radio kit, grenade
- Remarkably permissive electronic-warfare environment
  - DJIs operate with near impunity...



A Common Payload: ~200g of Mass

- ~200g == grenade launcher warhead
  - Primary armament of most small militarized-drones
- There are alternatives
  - 1.5 kg == Claymore antipersonnel mine
  - 3.4 kg == Warhead from a sensor-fused munition
- But there are possible alternatives too:
  - Tungsten-carbide beads in sticky hydrofluoric acid
  - 6-12 round stacked-munition gun
- Common theme: Precision
  - a 200g warhead right on the target beats an artillery shell 50m away

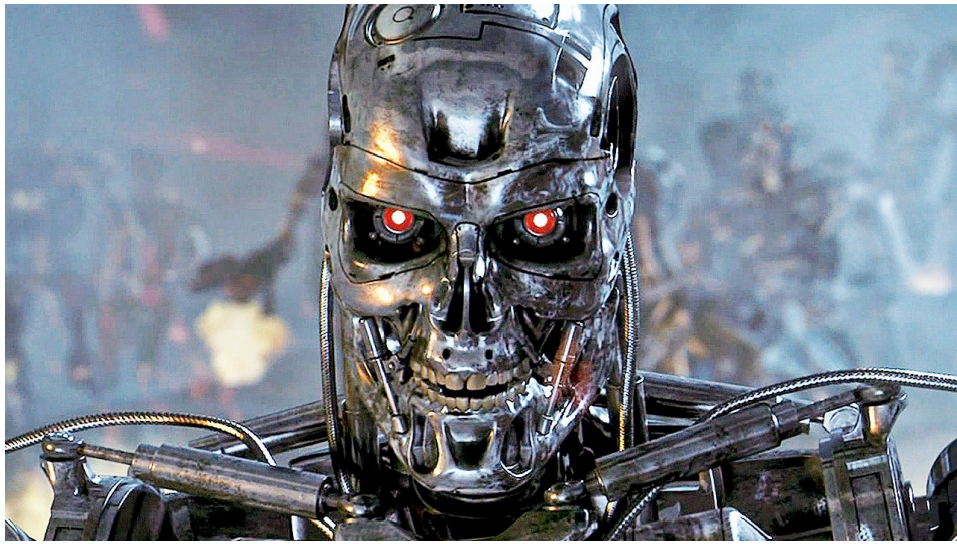


Countering Today's Threat

- Civilian drones are particularly vulnerable to jamming
  - Very limited frequencies, no meaningful spread-spectrum wide-band receivers
- Also vulnerable to hacking/hijacking
  - Many with very poor/nonexistant cryptography
- Also easy to triangulate the controller
  - Many literally broadcast their location and where they launched from
- Military drones are harder but still vulnerable to jamming etc...

Countering The Countermeasures: Human On The Loop with Fail-Deadly Autonomy

- Drone has sufficient on-board computation for self-contained autonomy
  - A set of targets, operation area, and objectives
- IF communication works...
  - The human can override or augment targeting decisions...
    But the drone will make its own decisions in the absence of explicit direction
  - Necessary because the drone still needs to work with the speed of automation...
- IF communication fails...
  - System goes into full autonomy mode:
    Carry out the mission



So Lets Jump Forward And Think Evil...
We are in charge of part of Atropia's Military

- A relatively small budget: $100M/yr for both R&D and procurement
  - AKA a F35 and change
  - AKA <1/3 the military spending of Luxembourg
- Our Grand-Strategy Objective:
  Anyone who wants to invade us (*including the United States*) will suffer
  - Our goal is ***not*** victory, but a defensive posture:
    The other side's "victory" will taste of ash, and any potential adversary will know this

Atropia's Resources For "Operation Killbot Insurgency"

- $100M/yr budget split 50/50 between procurement and R&D
  - We have a few really good technical people and a fairly good intellectual base
- We have a single medium tier circuit board fabrication facility (if not, add $$$ to build this...):
  - 8 layer, 3mil/3mil, blind/buried VIAs
  - Semi-automated assembly capable of dealing with 0201 sized components
  - Pitched as "economic development" (which it is, in addition to be dual-use)
- We have good relationships with China
  - And a small network of mules that can get us backpacks full of stuff as well

Our Threat Model:
Recent Invasions and Interventions

- US/NATO in Libya & Yugoslavia
  - Need a military strategy that can ceed the skies (above 50m) and still survive
- US in Iraq
  - Need a military strategy that guarantees a ground invasion will meet an insurgency
- Russia in Ukraine
  - Need a military strategy that can counter tanks, artillery, and remote logistics
- For all cases:
  Need to be able to directly counterattack very soft targets
  - Attack opponent-country energy, military, and logistics nodes

Our Tactical Objective:
Place a Small Payload in the Right Place

- Focus is almost entirely on small payloads
  - 200g for anti-personnel, unarmored targets, and anti-infrastructure, 4kg for anti-armor
  - But have to get super-close and super-precise
- This requires being super fast-reacting
  - Decision cycles measured in fractions of a second
- Why we can't do "Human IN the Loop":
  - We need our systems to see and exploit opportunities without asking "is it OK?"

Start With A Common Compute Platform

- Example of what's possible: Kestrel Autopilot
  - Microcontroller with GPS, IMUs to run the low level autopilot
  - Raspberry Pi CM4 for compute
  - Slot for cellular modem
  - AI accelerator
  - 2x 2-lane MIPI CSI2 camera interfaces
    - 1080p 30FPS video
    - Up to 64 megapixel still with digital pan/tilt/zoom

- Hardware cost in quantity: $200-400 depending on options
  - Quality of the cameras, inclusion/performance of the cellular modem, options on the Compute Module

Just How Much Does Dropping Reliability Save? Compare to the upcoming F35's processor

- Kestrel:
  - Raspberry Pi CM4: 1.5 GHz, quad core processor, up to 8 GB RAM, SD card (128 GB Flash)
  - 2x 4k HDMI output for graphics if desired, 3840 x 2160 resolution
    - Only one populated for debugging purposes
  - Offloads all hard-real-time processing onto dedicated coprocessor
    - 400 MHz single-core ARM with 1000 DMIPSs, 2MB Flash, 1MB DRAM
    - Realtime OS imposes a lot of compromises:
      Far easier to segregate the real-time components into a separate device
  - $200-400
- L3 Harris ICP (short):
  - 2x CPU processors, 512MB DRAM, 256MB Flash, ~2900 DMIPS/core
  - 2x Graphics processors, 256MB DRAM, 2560×1600 resolution
  - $???? (but it is frightfully expensive, and isn't even rolling out until next year!
    Current F35 computer is 1/25th as capable!)

Navigation and Vision

- Primary sensors are visual
  - Multiple cameras for both stereo/optical flow
  - Use normal light, near IR, and some cheap thermal
- Longer distance navigation is primarily terrain-map and inertial
  - GPS should assume to be jammed in most cases
  - Requires detailed mapping, but hey, 128GB SD cards are only $20
- Can operate autonomously at just-above-the-treetops level
  - But we are cheating: Sacrificing a little reliability for much lower cost

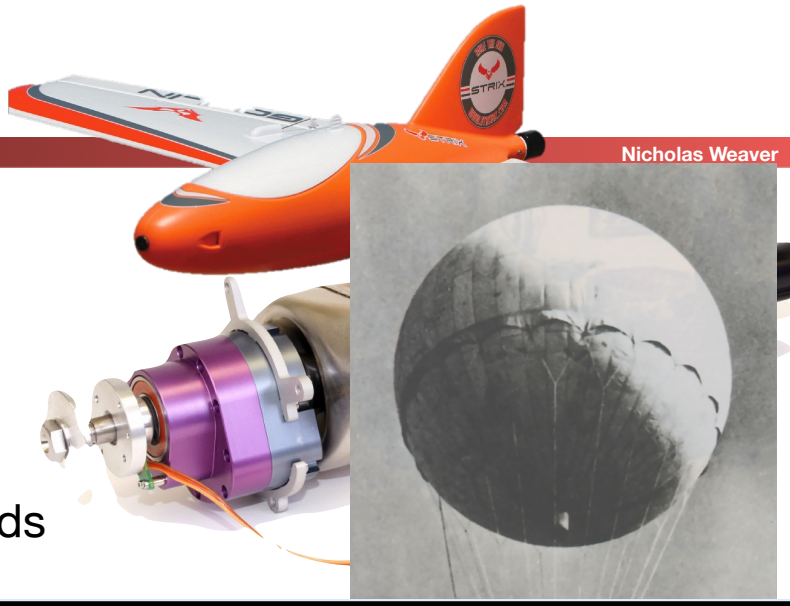
Use to build a common software suite

- Steal as much as possible
  - Ardupilot for low level autopilot:
    Then restructure for cleaner code and higher performance
  - OpenCV for initial computer vision pipeline:
    Then restructure for cache-aware, higher performance on the standard computer
- Build higher level common components
  - Visual-based detection/target identification
  - Terrain following & navigation
  - Common networking/communication/coordination layer
    - Not really a "Swarm", but more a "situational awareness" model:
      Flood broadcasts to nearest neighbors

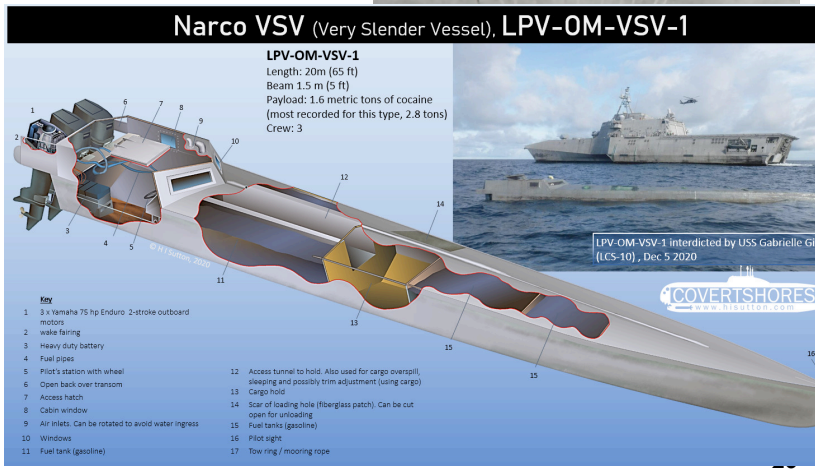
Then Power Some Basic Platforms

- Quadcopters: Two sizes
  - Small quad, 200g payload, $300
    - Anti-personnel programs
  - Large quad, 2-4kg payload, $600
    - Anti-armor and hard targets
- "Ankle Biters"
  - A mechanum-wheel chassis with quadcopter props to "hop", $350
- Fixed gun-mounts & camera mounts
  - Automated fixed-turrets and sensor packages ($100-1000 + the gun itself)
- Chinese knockoff robot-dogs? $4000
- Power "perches" to keep systems charged
  - Also provides wired Internet backhaul points

More Interesting Platforms



- Small fixed wing
  - $150 chassis, 10-50km range, 200g payload
  - $300 version with pop-out wings and tube-launching
- Larger fixed wing
  - $15,000 prop-driven mini-cruise-missiles loaded with quads Launched from a stack in a modified 40' container
- Balloon bombs
  - Carry 20 fixed-wings on a weather balloon: Intercontinental Strike
- Narco Sub
  - Carry 500+ fixed-wings in a semi-submersible low-profile boat



Note on Stealth...

- Stealth is ***old*** technologies
  - 1970s-level on how to design surfaces to scatter
- We will use multiple strategies
  - Most systems will just fly very low:
    Hide in the ground clutter from the air, and not be seen from the ground
  - Many systems naturally stealthy:
    Styrofoam, plastics, etc are transparent, and many components are just small
  - Some custom "stealth boxes":
    Non-structural enclosures to scatter radio
- Also, we will invest in counter-stealth
  - Although this is outside our current focus here:
    Turn 5G cell-towers into a multi-path radar network would be a good orthogonal bit of R&D

Defense Philosophy:
Building a Defensive "Dark Forest"

- The defensive battlefield is filled with various sensors
  - On drones, fixed locations, and everywhere else...
  - These sensors communicate with neighbors, but only "talk" when they see something
    - Low bandwidth but high reliability communication
- If an enemy is spotted:
  - In low-threat mode: wait for human confirmation
  - In hot-war mode: If spotting system can engage a target of that type, engage immediately
  - Spotting system also broadcasts to neighbors the presence/type/numbers/location of hostiles
- In this environment, being detected means death
  - "Spot to Shoot time of 0"
- Aka "The Pre-Planned Killbot Insurgency"

Hiding The Killbot Insurgency

- Small systems just hide
  - Either connected to the power grid (preferred) or with a small solar panel...
- Some pre-packaged pods of killbots
  - Keep under cover and have someone drag them out
  - Or in-place camouflaged
- Large systems (e.g. the prop-powered cruise missiles) hide in plain sight
  - Place in 20' or 40' containers...
    And use a lot of containers just for storage, utility, etc...
  - Every container in the country becomes a JDAM-sponge

Offensive-Defense Philosophy: Logistics Targets in the Near

- Use mass attacks of long-range prop-powered cruise missiles
  - A few will use terminal autonomous target recognition with an explosive payload
  - Most however will release small swarms of small quads and ankle-biters
- Some deployed systems attack immediately
  - Recognize and target weaker things:
    Containers, aircraft, personnel, open hangar doors, etc...
- Some deployed systems run and hide
  - Lurking autonomous killbots really disrupt material handling

Offensive-Defensive Philosophy: Long Range Strike

- Multiple systems for low damage intercontinental strike
  - The balloon bombs, the narco subs
- So need to target very soft targets
  - But there are a large number of them
- Logistics nodes within the US
  - E.g. Travis AFB, use the same strategy of anti-personnel lurking
- Refining infrastructure & power substations
  - Get 20% of the refineries in the US and you will cripple the US economy
  - Get 20 power substations at the same time and you will overwhelm the availability of spare parts

And Then Bulk Build and Sell It...
Atropia: Provider To The World

- Most platforms are <$1k
  - So with $50M to purchase that gives 50000 killbots a year!
- Sanctions are not going to be that effective:
  - If someone can buy 5000 of X on Digikey, embargoes don't work
  - Buy 5k component sets, build boards, repeat as supply chain changes
- Internal use: build at cost...
  - Gotta build up the nice pre-planned killbot insurgency
- External use: only mark up 2x-5x
  - But only for volume sales:
    Don't sell 1000 killbots at $10k/each, sell 10,000 at $3k/each

Implications

- The defender has a substantial advantage
  - Limit on small killbots is endurance:
    Some hacks for limited long-range strike but most systems are 5-50km range
- Autonomy can only be fought with autonomy
  - Computer reflexes can only be countered with computer reflexes:
    Human decision cycles are just too slow...
- So invest in both mobile killbot-killing-killbots and auto-turrets
  - Very low cost distance-fused munitions: Goal should be <$5/fuse

So Love the Slaughterbots...

- This trajectory seems inevitable
  - Being able to build a defensive structure like this is very valuable:
    I'd bet that a significant effort is currently underway in Taiwan along these lines.
- Major territorial invasions already have an awful track record
  - This just makes it even harder
- Quantity has a quality all its own
  - US military procurement is specifically broken when it comes to dealing with swarms of killbots

And For the US Military in Particular

- This is not the only future of war... But it is a significant probability
  - And it specifically targets weaknesses in the US military procurement model:
    Expensive means you can only be in a few places
- Even the smallest units will need fully autonomous killbot-killing-killbots
  - This needs to be a major priority
  - Either auto-turrets with super-cheap distance-fused munitions and/or their own pet killbots
- And we need ***HUMAN SAFE*** killbot-killing-killbots for civilian areas
- Perhaps more integrated internal design & manufacturing?
  - As soon as a MILITARY contractor gets involved, prices go up 10x and latencies go up by years...
  - And reforms so the US government can just hire people at market rate!
    Instead of paying contractors to pay people at market rate and the contractor gets 50% on top
- This is an upcoming arm's race:
  Get a head start and work on killbot-killing-killbots now

And in the mean time...
We Should Also Worry About the Mineshaft Gap